#### § 4220.5

last day of the current lease period or within the time prescribed in the billing notice whichever is the later, the case shall be considered canceled and all rights terminated thereunder as of the end of such current lease period; except the lease shall not terminate if the lessee submits payment to the proper office within a grace period of 60 days following the last day of the current lease period together with a showing satisfactory to the authorized office that the delay in rental payment was for unavoidable reasons and that termination of the lease would cause undue hardship to the lessee.

# § 4220.5 Reduction in excessive leased

Whenever, in the opinion of the manager, the leased land is excessive for the number of livestock to be grazed by the lessee, the manager may, after 30 days' notice to the lessee, reduce the lease area to the extent necessary, and the annual rental, if on an acreage basis, shall be reduced proportionately, effective at the beginning of the next lease year.

### § 4220.6 Free grazing permits.

Any person may file application in duplicate on a form approved by the Director, for a permit to graze, free of charge, not to exceed the number of livestock whose products are consumed or whose work is directly and exclusively used by the applicant or his family, for a term of not more than 1 year.

#### §4220.7 Leases.

(a) Issuance of lease. If the application is complete and it is determined that a lease should be issued, the manager will prepare a proposed lease, with necessary copies, on a form approved by the Director, for execution by the applicant. The forms, signed by the applicant, must be forwarded promptly to the manager, together with any required rental payment. The lease will be dated as of January 1 of the year in which it is issued, and the required rental for the first year will be adjusted on a pro rata monthly basis to cover that portion of the year subsequent to the lease issuance.

(b) Report of grazing operations. Before April 1 of the second lease year and

each lease year thereafter, the lessee shall file with the manager a report, in duplicate, on a form approved by the Director, of his grazing operations during the preceding year.

(c) Assignments. No part of the leased land may be subleased. Any proposed assignment of a lease, in whole or in part, must be filed in duplicate with the authorized officer within 90 days of its execution. Assignments will be executed on a form approved by the Director and must be accompanied by the application on a form approved by the Director, executed in duplicate, together with the same showing by the assignee as to qualifications and stock development schedule as would be required of applicants for a new lease, including financial responsibility when specifically requested by the manager. The assignee's acceptance of the lease offered pursuant to the grazing lease assignment shall constitute his acceptance of the lease terms. No assignment will be recognized nor will it confer on the assignee any rights to the leased area until a lease therefor is issued to him.

(d) Renewals. An application for renewal of a grazing lease should be executed and filed in duplicate on a form approved by the Director not less than 4 months but not more than 8 months before the expiration date of the lease term. The renewal lease, if issued, will contain such terms and conditions as the manager may determine.

(e) *Rights reserved.* Grazing leases under this part shall be subordinated to and shall be subject to modification or reduction by the manager to the extent necessary to permit:

(1) The protection, development, and utilization, under applicable laws and regulations, of the mineral, timber, water, and other resources on or in the leased lands, including their use for agriculture.

(2) The allowance of applications for and the acquisition of homesites, easements, permits, leases, or other rights and uses, pursuant to applicable public land laws, where the same are in the public interest or will not unduly interfere with the use of the area for grazing purposes.

(3) The temporary closing of portions of the leased area to grazing whenever,

because of improper handling of the stock, overgrazing, fire or other cause, such action is deemed necessary to restore the range to its normal condition

- (f) Restrictions. No lessee may so enclose roads, trails, or other highways as to disturb public travel thereon, nor interfere with existing communication lines or other improvements on the leased area; he shall not prevent legal hunting, fishing, or trapping on the land, or the ingress of miners, mineral prospectors, and other persons entitled to enter the area for lawful purposes.
- (g) Termination. A lease may be surrendered by the lessee upon prior written notice filed with the manager, effective upon the date indicated in such notice but no less than 30 days from the date of filing, provided the lessee has complied with the terms and conditions of the lease and has paid all charges due thereunder.
- (h) Cancellation. A lease may be canceled by the manager if the lease was issued improperly through error with respect to a material fact or facts, or if the lessee shall fail to comply with any of the provisions of the lease or of this part. No lease will be canceled for default in complying with the provisions of the lease or of this part until the lessee has been notified in writing of the nature of the default and has been afforded an opportunity to show why the lease should not be canceled.

# § 4220.8 Stock driveways; crossing permits; quarantine regulations.

- (a) Stock driveways. The manager may establish stock driveways for the regular crossing of livestock across public lands, in such form and manner as he may determine.
- (b) Crossing permits. A permit for the crossing of livestock on a stock driveway or other public lands, including lands under grazing lease, may be issued free of charge, upon the filing of an application on a form approved by the Director, in duplicate, with the authorized officer at least 30 days prior to the date the crossing is to begin.
- (c) Quarantine regulations. Persons driving or transporting stock across any public lands must comply with the quarantine and other sanitary laws

prescribed by the Territorial or other proper authorities.

## § 4220.9 Range improvements.

- (a) Permits for construction and maintenance. Application for a permit to construct and maintain range improvements should be filed with the authorized officer in duplicate on a form approved by the Director. The lessee, upon obtaining an executed permit from the authorized officer, may construct, maintain, and utilize authorized fences, buildings, corrals, reservoirs, wells, or other improvements needed for the exercise of the grazing privileges under the lease. The lessee will be required to comply with the laws of the State of Alaska with respect to the construction and maintenance of fences, but any such fence shall be constructed to permit the ingress and egress of miners, prospectors for minerals, and other persons entitled to enter such area for lawful purposes. The lessee, upon written approval by the authorized officer, may improve by seeding or reseeding within the lease area and may harvest hay or ensilage from such seeded or reseeded areas provided that the forage so produced is used primarily as feed for the lessee's livestock. The authorized officer may approve the assignment of range improvements upon receipt of an application for such assignment on a form approved by the Director.
- (b) Removal of improvements and personal property. (1) Improvements, fixtures, or personal property (other than livestock) may not be removed from the lands unless all moneys due the United States under the lease have been paid.
- (2) If all moneys due have been paid and the lessee, on or before the termination of his lease in whole or in part for any reason, notifies the manager of his determination to leave on the land involved in such termination improvements, the construction or maintenance of which has been authorized, no other person shall use or occupy, under any permit, lease, or entry under any public land law, the land on which such improvements are located, until there has been paid to the person entitled